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## INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS OLYMPIAD




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To go through Maths Olympiad, the students need to do thorough study of topics covered in the Olympiad syllabus and those covered in the school syllabus as well. The Olympiads not only tests subjective knowledge but Reasoning skills of students also. So students are required to comprehend the depth of concepts and problems and gain experience through practice. The Olympiad check efficiency of candidates in problem solving. These exams are conducted in different stages at regional, national, and international levels. At each stage of the test, the candidate should be fully prepared to go through the exam. Therefore, this test requires careful attention towards comprehension of concepts, thorough practice, and application of rules.
While other books in market focus selectively on questions or theory; V\&S Maths Olympiad books are rather comprehensive. Each book of this series has been divided into four sections namely Mathematics, Logical Reasoning, Achievers section, Model Papers. The theory has been explained through solved examples. To enhance the problem solving skills of candidates, Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) with detailed solutions are given at the end of each chapter. Two Mock Test Papers have been included to understand the pattern of exam. A CD containing Study Chart for systematic preparation, Tips \& Tricks to crack Maths Olympiad, Pattern of exam, and links of Previous Years Papers is accompanied with this book. The books are also useful for various other competitive exams such as NTSE, NSTSE, and SLSTSE as well.
We wish you all success in the examination and a very bright future in the field of mathematics.
All the best

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# Section 1 <br> Mathematical REASONING 

## Unit-1: Numbers

Learning Objectives: In this unit, we will study:

- Numerals and Counting Numbers
- Formation of Greatest and Smallest Numbers
- Number Sense (Two-Digit Numbers)
- Number Names (Numbers upto 100)
- Ordinal Numbers


## Numerals

The digits $0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8$ and 9 are used to form numbers or numerals.

## 12345 <br> 67890

## Counting Numbers

The numbers $1,2,3 \ldots$ used to count things are called counting numbers.
One, two, three $\qquad$ .are called number names of $1,2,3 \ldots$
Ones and Tens


Note : 0 does not have any value on its own, but acts as a place holder.

## Formation of Greatest and Smallest Numbers

## Greatest Numbers

For forming the greatest 2 digit numbers, place the bigger digit at tens place and the smaller digits at ones place.
Example : Form greatest number using digits 7 and 9.
Greatest number $=97$
Unit-1 : Numbers

## Smallest Numbers

For forming the smallest 2 digit numbers place the smaller digit at tens and the bigger digit at ones place.
Example : Form smallest number using digits 5 and 7.
Smallest number $=57$

## Ordinal Numbers

Numbers such as 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9 th, and 10 th specify the position of an object in an ordered collection. These numbers are called positional numbers or ordinal numbers.
First, Second, Third.... are the ordinal numbers for 1, 2, 3....

## Number Sense (Two-Digit Numbers)



A two-digit number can be written in tens and ones. Example : $25=2$ tens and 5 ones Numbers upto 20 :

| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eleven | Twelve | Thirteen | Fourteen | Fifteen | Sixteen | Seventeen | Eighteen | Nineteen | Twenty |

## Number Names (Numbers upto 100)

| Number | Number Name | Number of ten |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Ten | 1 |
| 20 | Twenty | 2 |
| 30 | Thirty | 3 |
| 40 | Forty | 4 |
| 50 | Fifty | 5 |
| 60 | Sixty | 6 |
| 70 | Seventy | 7 |
| 80 | Eighty | 8 |
| 90 | Ninety | 9 |
| 100 | Hundred | 10 |

## Important Points

$>$ A one-digit number is smaller than a two-digit number.
$>$ Smallest two-digit number is 1 more than largest one-digit number i.e. 10 is 1 more than 9
> 10 is the smallest and 99 is the largest two-digit numbers.
> Smallest three-digit number is 1 more than the largest two-digit number i.e. 100 is 1 more than 99 .
> 100 is the smallest three-digit number.
$>$ Every number (except 0 ) is 1 more than its previous number and 1 less than its next number.
$>$ All one digit numbers have only the ones place.
$>1$ is the smallest and 9 is the greatest one-digit counting numbers.
$>$ Two-digit numbers have two places - The ones place and the tens place. 10 is the smallest two digit counting number, written using the digits 0 and 1 .

## Multiple Choice Questions

1. Which of the following has 6 objects?
A.

B.

C.

D.

2. Which of the following has the number name three?
A.

B.

C.

D.

1,1

3. Which of the following is 1 more than 4 ?
A.

B.

C.


4. What is the number name of the smallest two-digit number?
A. One
B. Zero
C. Ten
D. Nine
5. The greatest one- digit number is 9 . What is its number name?
A. Ten
B. Nine
C. Five
D. Two
6. Which of the following is correct?
A. 7-Six
B. 6-Three
C. 5-Five
D. 9-Eight
7. Choose the one that is wrong.
A. Four - 4
B. Seven - 7
C. Nine -9
D. One - 0
8. Which of the following is correct?

| A. | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B. | N | n |  |  |  |  |
| C. | N | N | N | 5 |  |  |
| D. | N | N | N | N |  | 3 |

9. Which of the following has numbers in an order?

| A. | 4 | 2 | 0 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| B. | 3 | 5 | 7 | 10 |
| C. | 7 | 9 | 2 | 3 |
| D. | 6 | 7 | 8 | 5 |

10. Chose the correct number of objects for "Four".
A.

B.

C.

D.


11. Which of the following is matched correctly?

| A. | $\otimes \vec{\theta} \boldsymbol{\theta}$ | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B. |  | 8 |
| C. |  | 9 |
| D. |  | 3 |

